## DSAA 5012: Advanced Database Management for Data Science

## Lecture 7 Exercises SQL Queries

Sailor(<u>sailorld</u>, sName, rating, age) Reserves(<u>sailorld</u>, boatld, rDate) Boat(<u>boatld</u>, bName, color)

**Exercise 1:** Find the boat name and the number of reservations for each red boat.

**Exercise 2:** Find the sailor id and number of reservations made for each sailor.

**Exercise 3:** Find the records (tuples) of the sailors with the highest rating.

Exercise 4: Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red boat. <u>Do not</u> use join; use only set membership.



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**NOTE**: Use <u>only</u> SQL constructs presented in the lectures to answer these queries.

Sailor(<u>sailorld</u>, sName, rating, age) Reserves(<u>sailorld</u>, <u>boatld</u>, <u>rDate</u>) Boat(<u>boatld</u>, <u>bName</u>, color)

**Exercise 5:** Find the ratings and the average age of the ratings where a rating's average age is equal to the minimum average age of all ratings.

Exercise 6: Find the boat name and number of reservations made for each boat. <u>Do not</u> use any subqueries. <u>Do not</u> create any derived tables.

Exercise 7: Find the age of the youngest adult sailor (i.e., age≥18) for each rating for which there are at least 2 <u>adult</u> sailors (i.e., 2 sailors whose age is ≥ 18) with the same rating. <u>Do</u> <u>not</u> create any derived tables.