





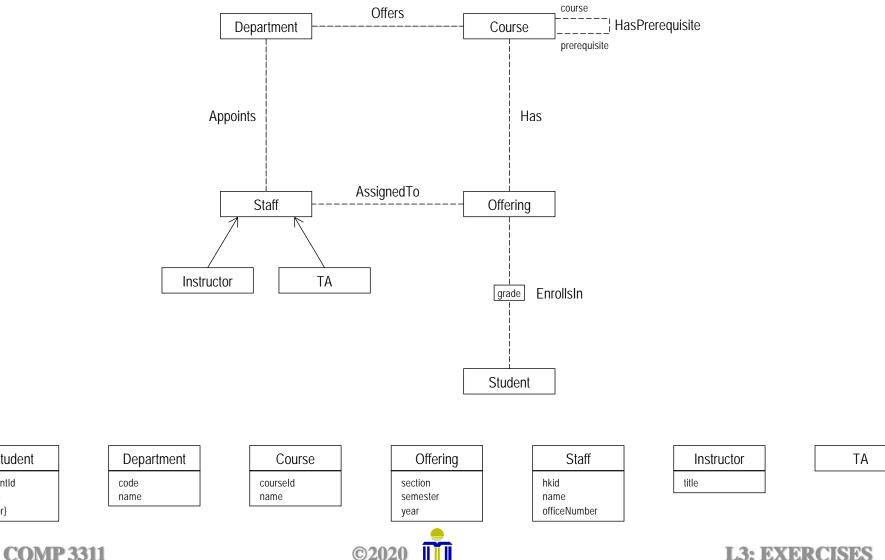
EXERCISE I: UNIVERSITY APPLICATION

We want to record information about students, departments, courses and course teaching teams.

- For each student we store the student id, name and majors.
- For each department we store a unique code and name.
- For each course we store a unique course id, name, department and prerequisites.
- For each offering of a course we store the section, semester and year.
- Each student must enroll in one to five course offerings.
- Each course offering can enroll zero to sixty students.
- For each course offering that a student takes we store the grade.
- Each course offering's teaching team has one or more staff, who is either an instructor or a TA.
- For each staff assigned to a course offering's teaching team we store the hkid, name, department and office number.
- For each instructor we store their academic title (e.g., professor).

For the university application E-R diagram, identify keys and discriminators of entities, weak entities and their identifying relationship(s) and show relationship cardinality and participation constraints.

EXERCISE I: UNIVERSITY APPLICATION-**E-R DIAGRAM**



Student

studentId

name

{major}

L3: EXERCISES 3

EXERCISE I: UNIVERSITY APPLICATION-KEYS OF ENTITY TYPES

- For each student we store the student id, name and majors.
- For each department we store a unique code and name.
- For each course we store a unique course id, name, department and prerequisites.
- For each offering of a course we store the section, semester and year.
- Each student must enroll in one to five course offerings.
- Each course offering can enroll zero to sixty students.
- For each course offering that a student takes we store the grade.
- Each course offering's teaching team has one or more staff, who is either an instructor or a TA.
- For each staff assigned to a course offering's teaching team we store the hkid, name, department and office number.
- For each instructor we store their academic title (e.g., professor).



EXERCISE I: UNIVERSITY APPLICATION-KEYS OF ENTITY TYPES

• For each offering of a course we store the section, semester and year.



What kind of entity is Offering?

 \Rightarrow Weak entity dependent on Course.

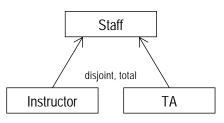
Is there a discriminator for Offering?

 \Rightarrow Yes - section, semester, year.



EXERCISE I: UNIVERSITY APPLICATION-ENTITY GENERALIZATION COVERAGE

• Each course offering's teaching team has one or more staff, who is either an instructor or a TA.



What should be the completeness constraint?

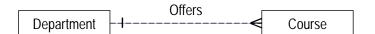
 \Rightarrow total

What should be the disjointness constraint?

 \Rightarrow disjoint



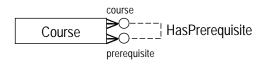
• For each course we store a unique course id, name, department and prerequisites.



What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Department?
⇒ many (A department can offer many courses—domain knowledge.)
What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Department?
⇒ unknown (Could be partial or total; need to verify with client. Leave unspecified.)
What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Course?
⇒ unknown (Could be 1 or N; need to verify with client. Leave unspecified.)
What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Course?
⇒ total (Every course must be offered by some department—domain knowledge.)



• For each course we store a unique course id, name, department and prerequisites.



What should be the cardinality constraints?

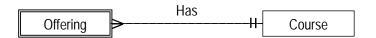
⇒ Course (prerequisite) many (A course can be a prerequisite for several courses.) Course (course) many (A course can have several prerequisites.)

What should be the participation constraints?

⇒ Course (prerequisite) partial (A course does not have to be a prerequisite.) Course (course) partial (A course can have no prerequisites.)



• For each offering of a course we store the section, semester and year.



What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Offering?

 \Rightarrow 1 (Every offering is for at most one course-domain knowledge.)

What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Offering?

 \implies total (Every offering must be for some course-domain knowledge.)

What about for Course?

 \Rightarrow (?,many) min-card most likely 0, but need to verify with client. Leave unspecified.



- Each student must enroll in one to five course offerings.
- Each course offering can enroll zero to sixty students.



Is Offering dependent on Student?

required to enroll in an offering <u>as soon as</u> the student's record is created?

Is a student

⇒No.

No! (domain knowledge)

What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Student?

 \implies 5 (A student can enroll in at most 5 course offerings.)

What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Student?

 \Rightarrow total (A student must enroll in at least 1 course offering.)

What about for Offering?

⇒ (0, 60)

Does the participation constraint for Student make sense?



• Each course offering's teaching team has one or more staff, who is either an instructor or a TA



Is an offering required to have a staff assigned to it?

Is Offering dependent on Staff?

 \Rightarrow No.

Need to verify with client!

What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Offering?

 \Rightarrow many (An offering can have several staff assigned to it.)

What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Offering?

 \Rightarrow total (An offering has at least one staff assigned to it.)

What about for Staff?

 \Rightarrow (?,many) min-card most likely 0, but need to verify with client. Leave unspecified.

Does the participation constraint for Offering make sense?



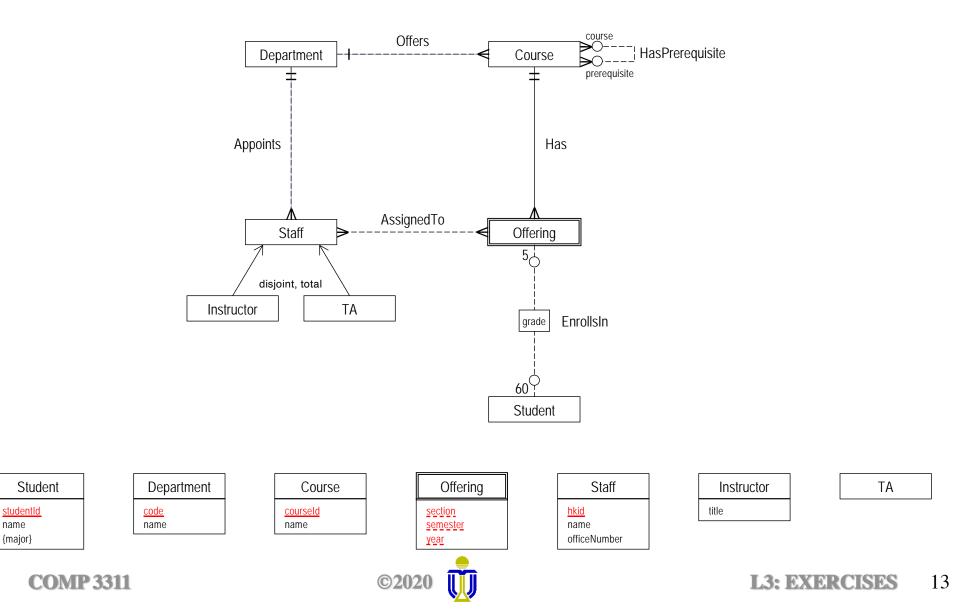
• For each staff assigned to a course offering's teaching team we store the hkid, name, department and office number.



What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Staff?
⇒ 1 (For each staff ... we store the ... department)
What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Staff?
⇒ total (Every staff must be appointed in some department—domain knowledge.)
What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Department?
⇒ many (A department can appoint several staff—domain knowledge.)
What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Department?
⇒ unknown (Could be partial or total; need to verify with client. Leave unspecified.)



EXERCISE I: UNIVERSITY APPLICATION-E-R DIAGRAM



EXERCISE 2: BUS COMPANY

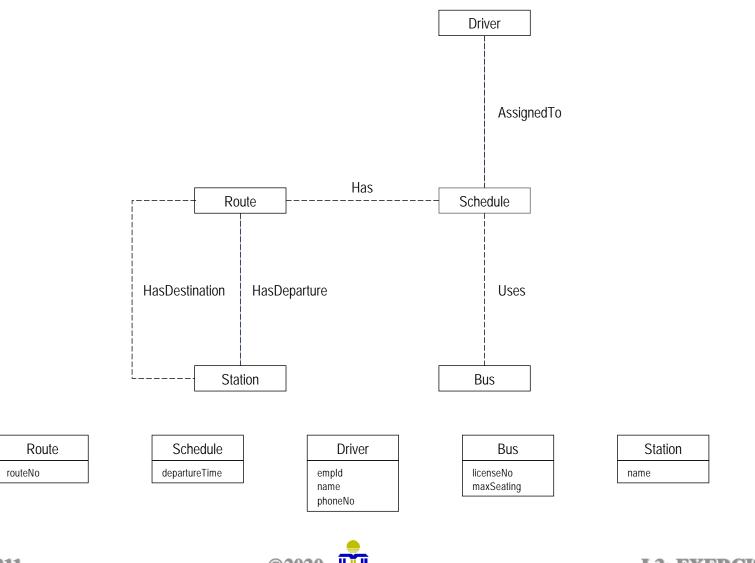
We want to keep track of bus routes and schedules for a bus company.

- Each bus route has a unique route number, a departure station and a destination station.
- For each bus route, there is a schedule, which records the departure times of buses.
- For each departure time of each route, a driver and a bus can be assigned; however, information about the driver or the bus may sometimes be missing.
- A driver has a unique employee id, a name and a phone number.
- A bus is identified by its license number and has a maximum seating capacity.

For the bus company application E-R diagram, identify keys and discriminators of entities, weak entities and their identifying relationship(s) and show relationship cardinality and participation constraints.



EXERCISE 2: BUS COMPANY-E-R DIAGRAM





EXERCISE 2: BUS COMPANY—KEYS OF ENTITIES

- Each bus route has a unique route number, a departure station and a destination station.
- For each bus route, there is a schedule, which records the departure times of buses.
- A driver has a unique employee id, a name and a phone number.
- A bus is identified by its license number and has a maximum seating capacity.

Route	Schedule	Driver	Bus	Station]
routeNo	departureTime	empld name	licenseNo maxSeating	name	
		phoneNo	maxSeating		



EXERCISE 2: BUS COMPANY— RELATIONSHIP CARDINALITY & PARTICIPATION

- Each bus route has a unique route number, a departure station and a destination station.
- For each bus route, there is a schedule, which records the departure times of buses.



What type of entity is Schedule? \Rightarrow Weak entity dependent on Route.

Is there a discriminator for Schedule? \Rightarrow Yes - departureTime.

What should be the cardinality constraint (max-card) for Schedule? $\Rightarrow 1$

What should be the participation constraint (min-card) for Schedule? \Rightarrow total

What about for Route? \Rightarrow cardinality many; participation unknown.

Does every route have to have a schedule? Verify with client.



EXERCISE 2: BUS COMPANY— RELATIONSHIP CARDINALITY & PARTICIPATION

• For each departure time of each route, a driver and a bus can be assigned; however, information about the driver or the bus may sometimes be missing.



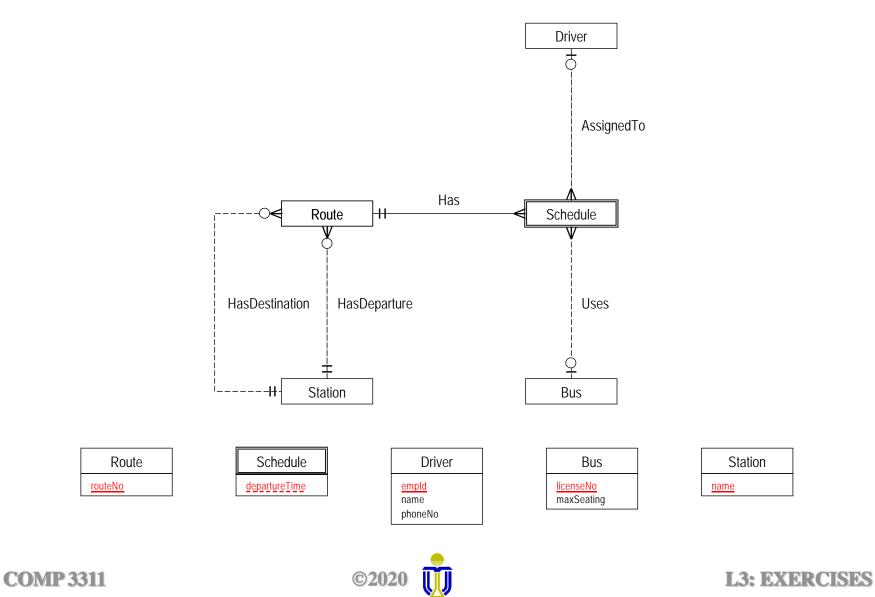
Does every driver/bus have to be assigned to/used by a schedule? Verify with client.

• Each bus route has a unique route number, a departure station and a destination station.





EXERCISE 2: BUS COMPANY-E-R DIAGRAM



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